Progress on Baby-Friendly in the US

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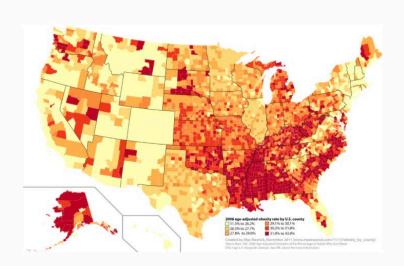


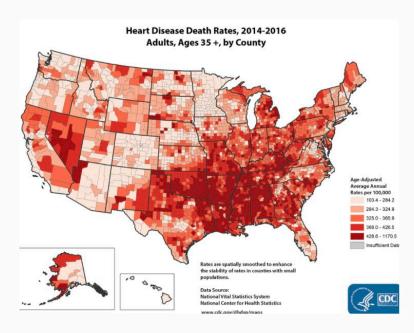
The problem: Alarming disparities in health

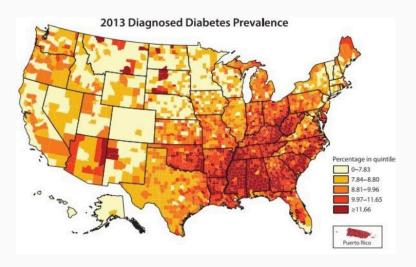
73% of adults are overweight or obese

40% of adults have high blood pressure

15% of adults have diabetes









Breastfeeding National Strategic Approach

- First: Assembling stakeholders— US Breastfeeding Committee
- Second: Gathering metrics, holding accountability
- Third: Implementation of action steps



Partial Timeline

program to increase Baby-

Friendly hospitals, 2015-18

CDC **US** Breastfeeding CDC begins collecting CDC mPINC surveys Breastfeeding Committee forms annual breastfeeding \rightarrow start 2007 **Report Cards** 2000-02 data 2001 2007 CDC launches first **Joint Commission** Surgeon program to increase AHRQ Report on makes EBF optional General's Call to \leftarrow Baby-Friendly hospitals, breastfeeding reporting requirement Action 2011 2012-14 outcomes 2007 for accreditation 2010 CHEER/CHAMPS program CDC launches second launches program to increase

hospitals Baby Cafés in SE,

AI/AN 2014-



US Breastfeeding Committee



- Comprised initially of 2 delegates from national organizations plus
- Representatives from US government agencies
- State coalitions later joined as official members
- Began having biannual then annual conference with coalitions, 2006
 - Set national strategies, lobbying,
 - Recognized and prioritized need for diversity



CDC initiatives

- Measuring breastfeeding rates -2001
 - Was done by Ross formula prior to this
- Breastfeeding Report Cards:
 - States' report on rates, % of births in Baby-Friendly Hospitals, infants getting formula<2 days of age



Laurence Grummer-Strawn, PhD



CDCs' mPINC surveys— 2007 and every 2 years

- Hospitals are asked about their birthing practices (the Ten Steps)
- Aggregate data reported anonymously by state

- Stakeholders in each hospital need to fill it out together
- Hospital gets its own individual report and can compare to similar hospitals/state averages
- State gets its report, and results are online





The Joint Commission Mandate- 2010, 2012

- Hospitals have to choose 1 of several metrics for accreditation
- Was voluntary initially
- Mandatory for hospitals with ≥1,100 births in 2012
- Smaller hospitals respond to this

Original Performance Measure/Source
Developer: California Maternal Quality Care
Collaborative

PC-05

 Getting TJC to adopt this took years— they did it only after success in California



Other Accomplishments

• Surgeon General's Call to Action, 2011

 All 13 Indian Health Services maternity hospitals became Baby Friendly by 2014

- Infant Feeding Practices Surveys I and II
 - (by FDA)





CDC: 2 Programs to Increase # Baby-Friendly Hosp

Best Fed Beginnings: 2012-14: 90 hospitals

- By 2016, 72 of 90 hospitals had been designated Baby-Friendly
 - Nearly doubled the number of Baby-Friendly hospitals in US
 - EBF increased from 39% to 61%; no sig change in any breastfeeding*

EMPower Breastfeeding: 2015-2018: 94 hospitals

- 24 states
- By 2018, 65 were designated Baby-Friendly

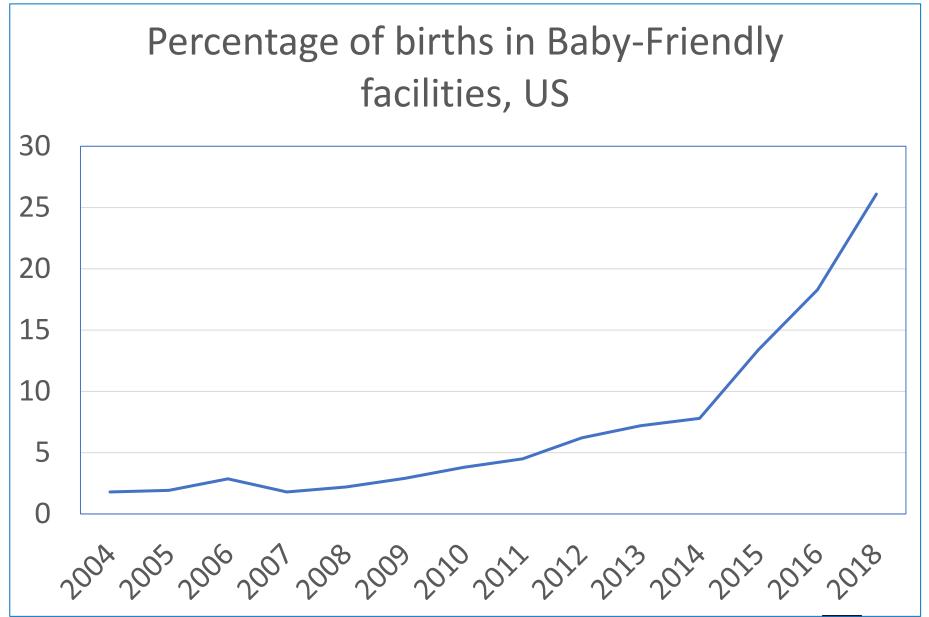


^{*}Feldman-Winter et al Pediatrics 2017 Jul;140(1):e20163121.

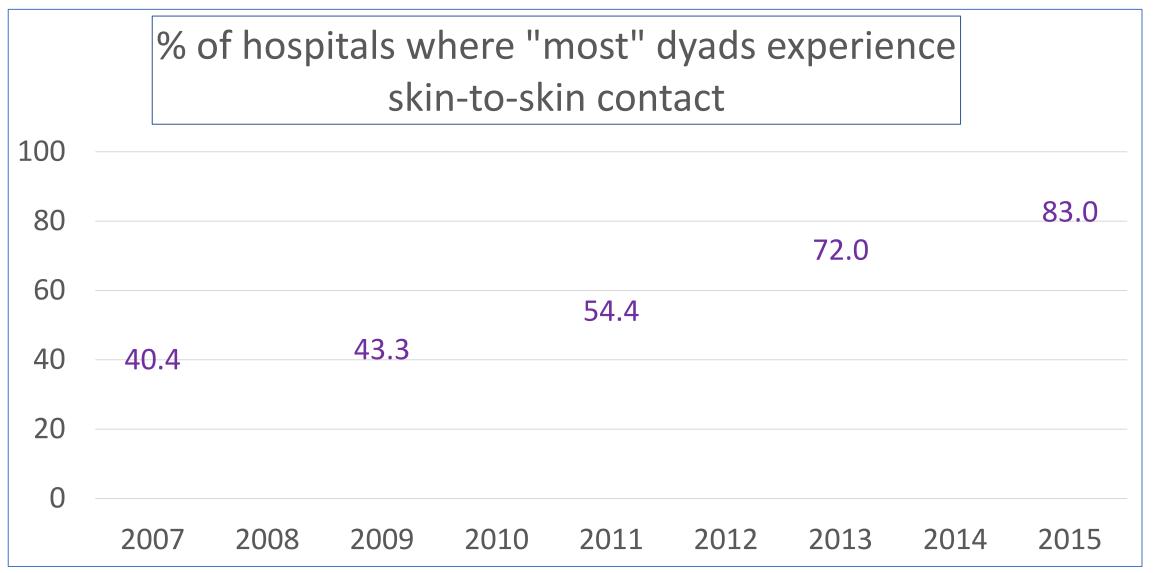
CHEER/CHAMPS (W.K. Kellogg Foundation)

- Goal is to focus on Southeastern US: Louisiana, Mississippi, AI/AN
- Baseline very low breastfeeding rates, racial disparities
- Generally states that do worse in every demographic measurement

	2010 Any BF /6 months	2015 Any /6 months	% births in Baby- Friendly, 2010	% births in Baby- Friendly, 2018
Louisiana	57/ 20	67/39	0	41.6%
Mississippi	53/23	63/35	0	12.5%
United States	75/43	83/58	3.8%	26.1%













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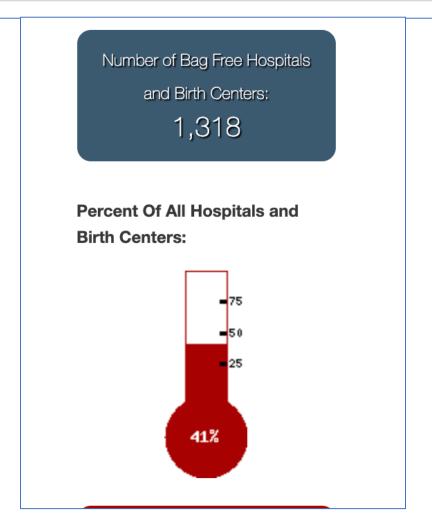
Bag-Free Hospitals and Birth Centers

Submit Hospital Data

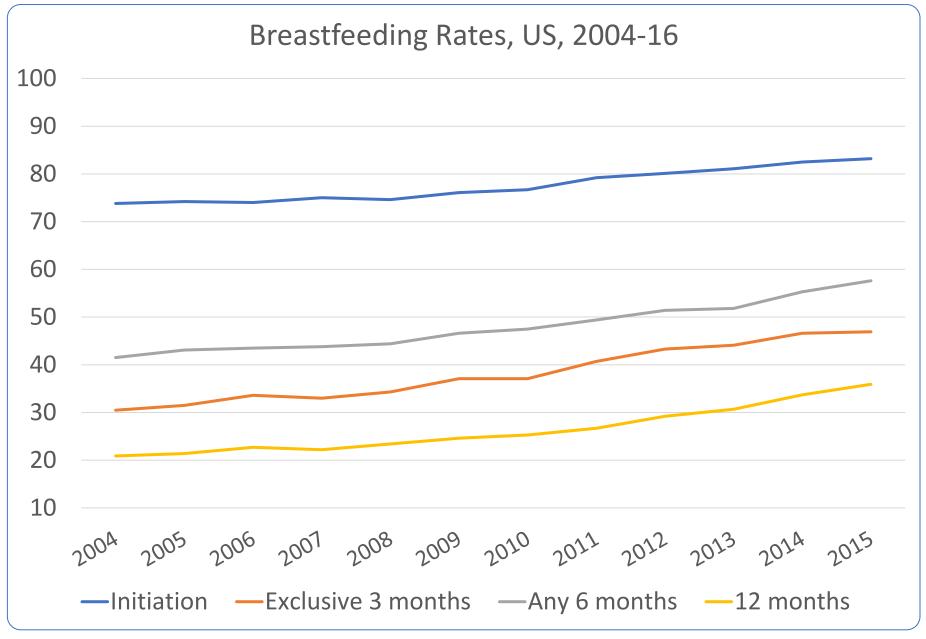
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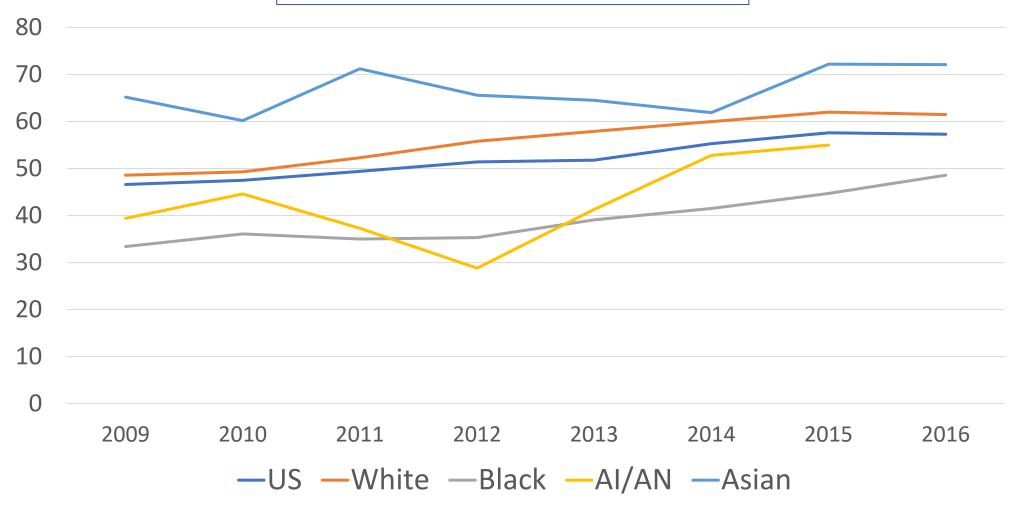














Thank you!

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